



NALAS's Regional Decentralization Observatory (RDO) **Index**

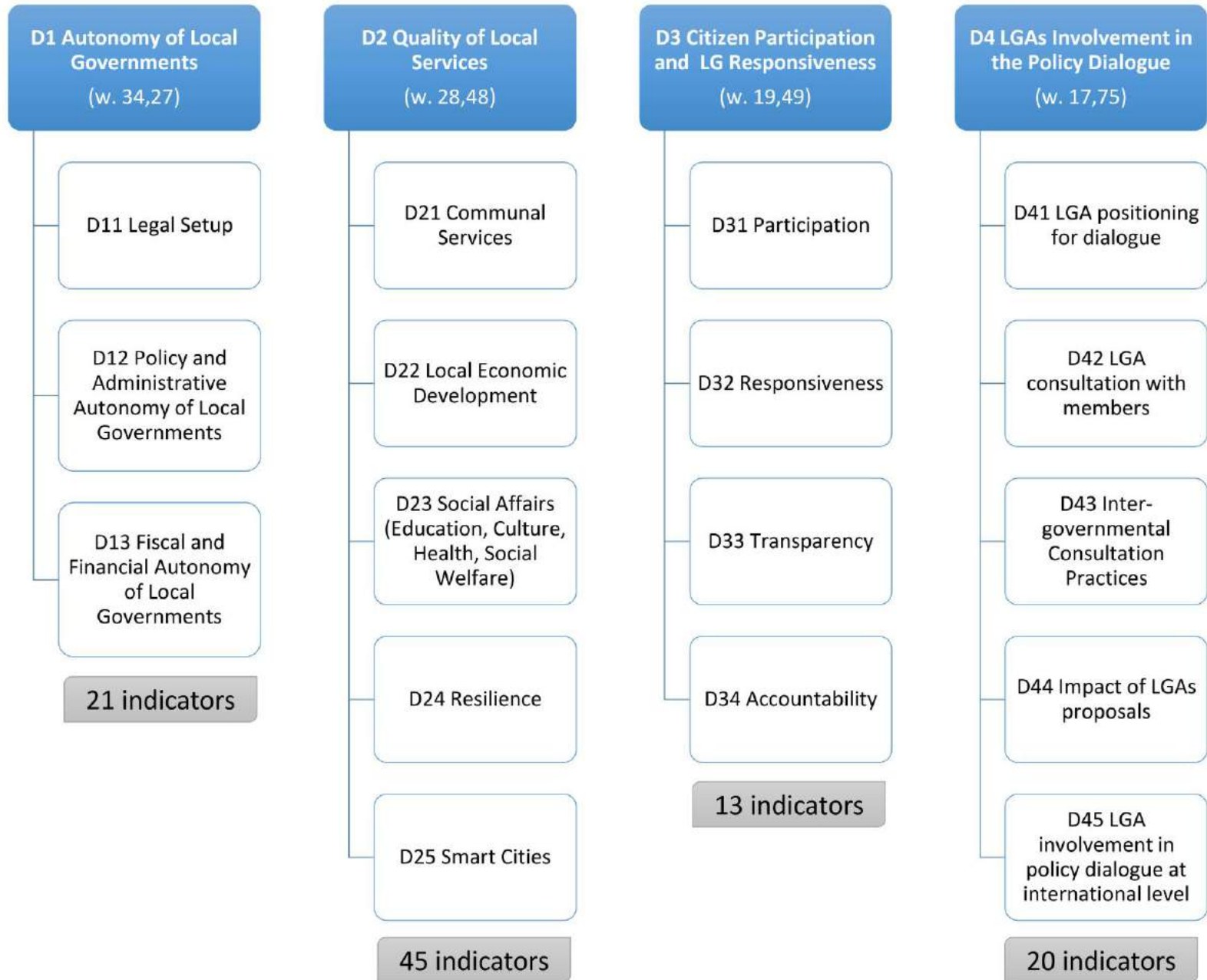
Preliminary results for South East Europe

What is the RDO Index?

- Monitoring tool - comprehensive **measuring** and **comparing** the degree of **decentralization** and the quality of **local governance** across countries, necessary for **bench-learning** rather than for benchmarking.
- Support **intergovernmental dialogue**
- Development of **evidence based policies** at national and regional level
- Developed and implemented by NALAS member associations of local authorities, across 12 countries of SEE region



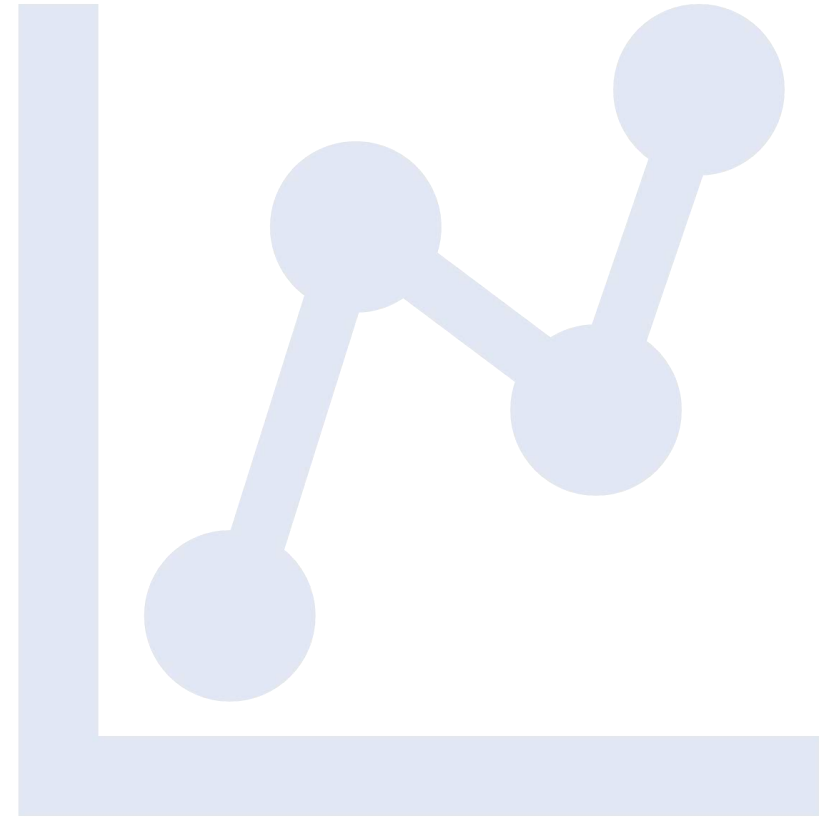
Structure of the RDO Index



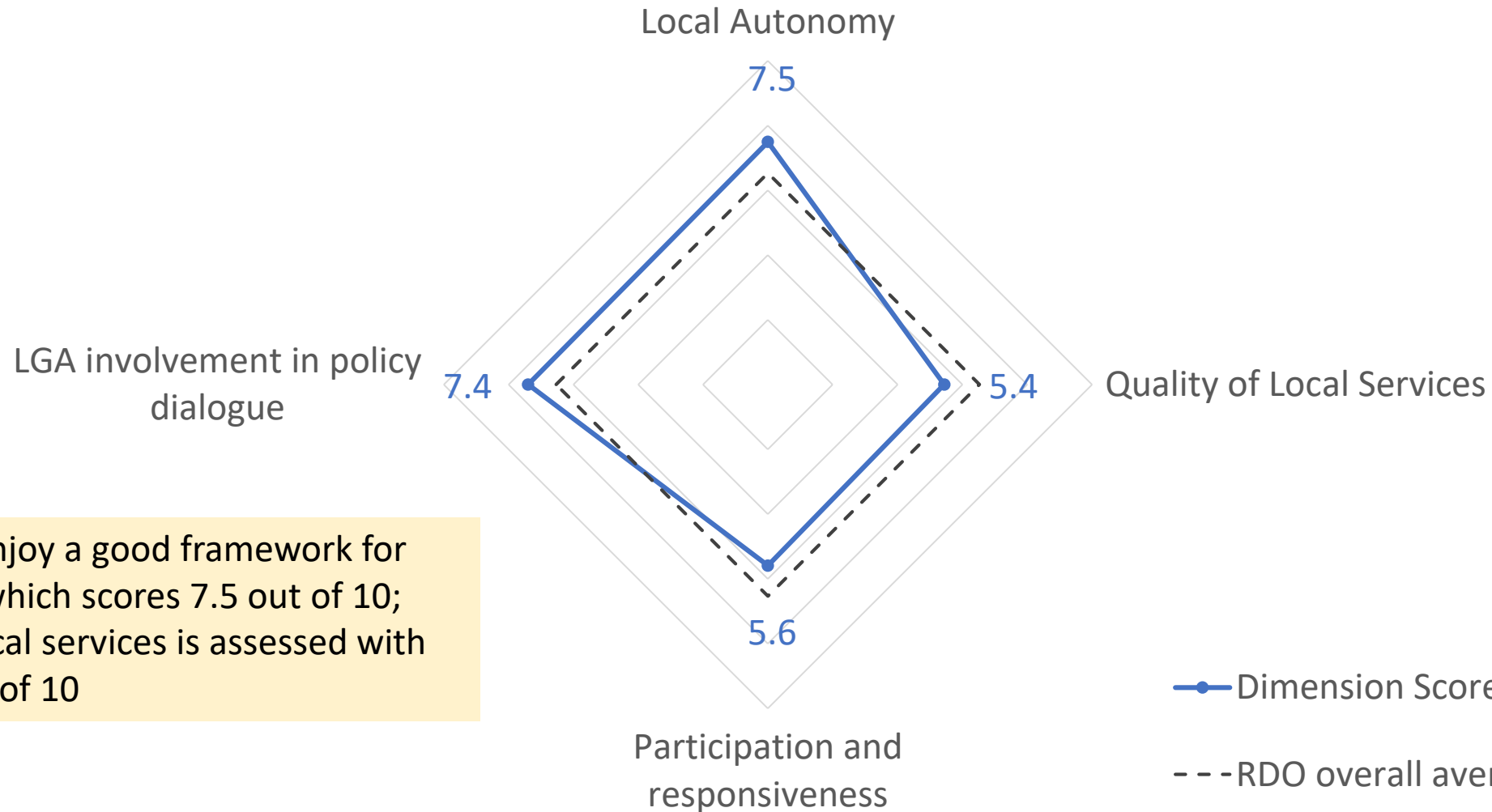
- **4 dimensions**
- **17 indices**
- **9 sub-indices**
- **97 indicators:**
 - 32 quantitative
 - 65 qualitative



Preliminary Findings from the RDO Index Assessment: Progress by NALAS Countries

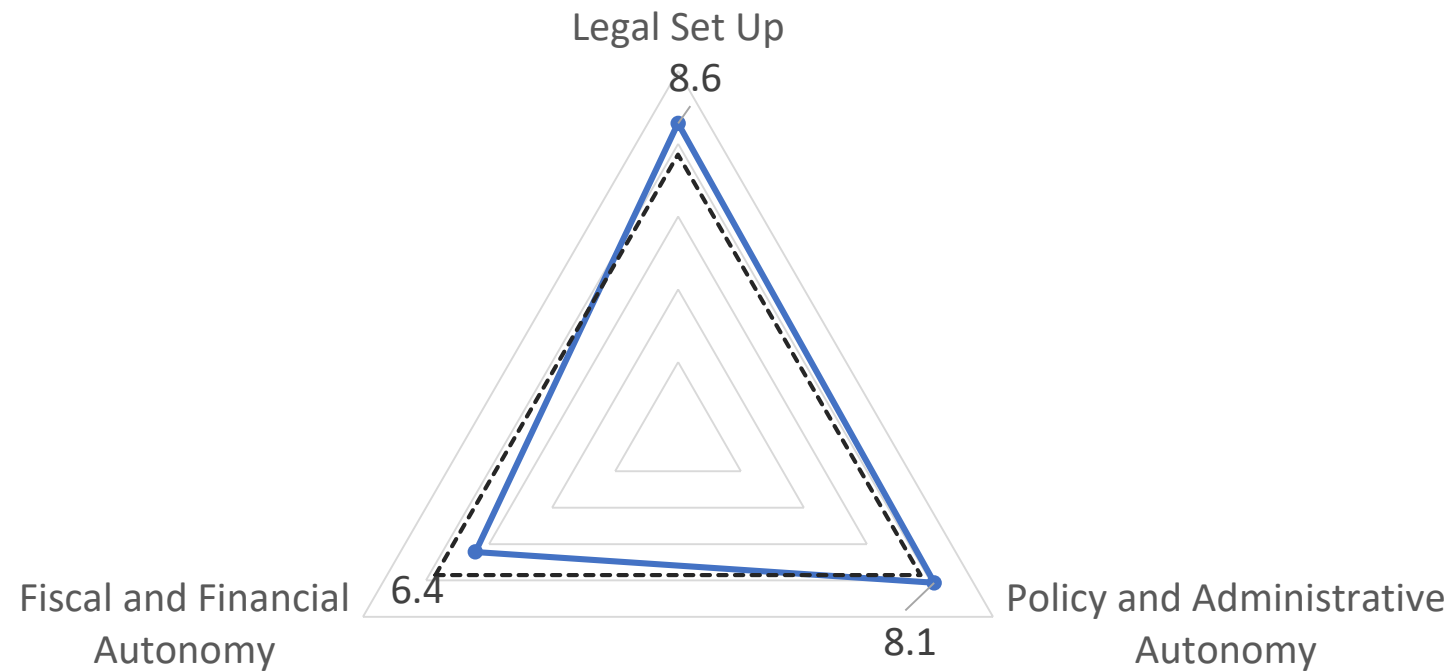


The Overall RDO Index* across Dimensions



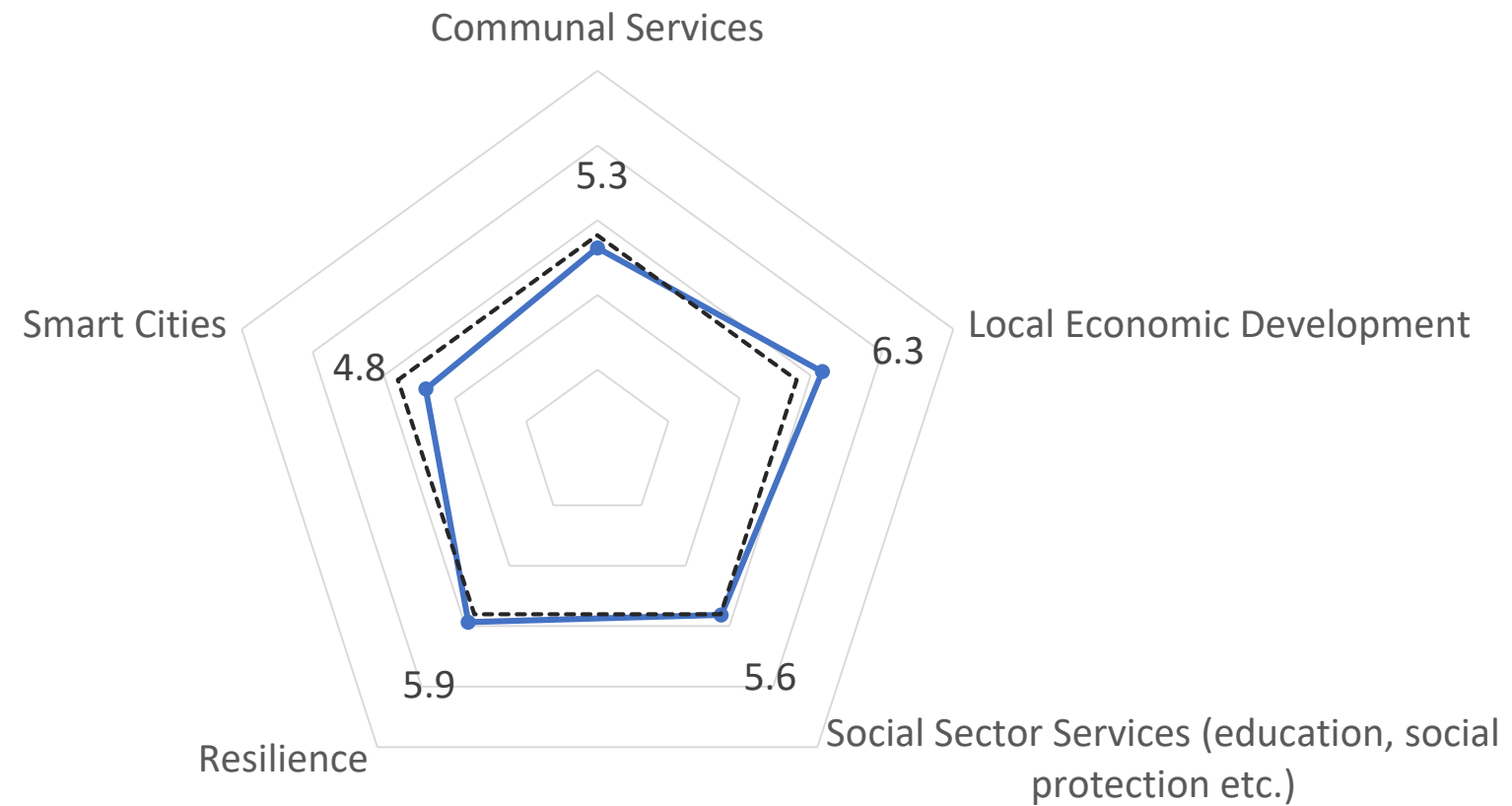
LGs in SEE enjoy a good framework for autonomy, which scores 7.5 out of 10; quality of local services is assessed with only 5.4 out of 10

D1 – Autonomy of Local Governments

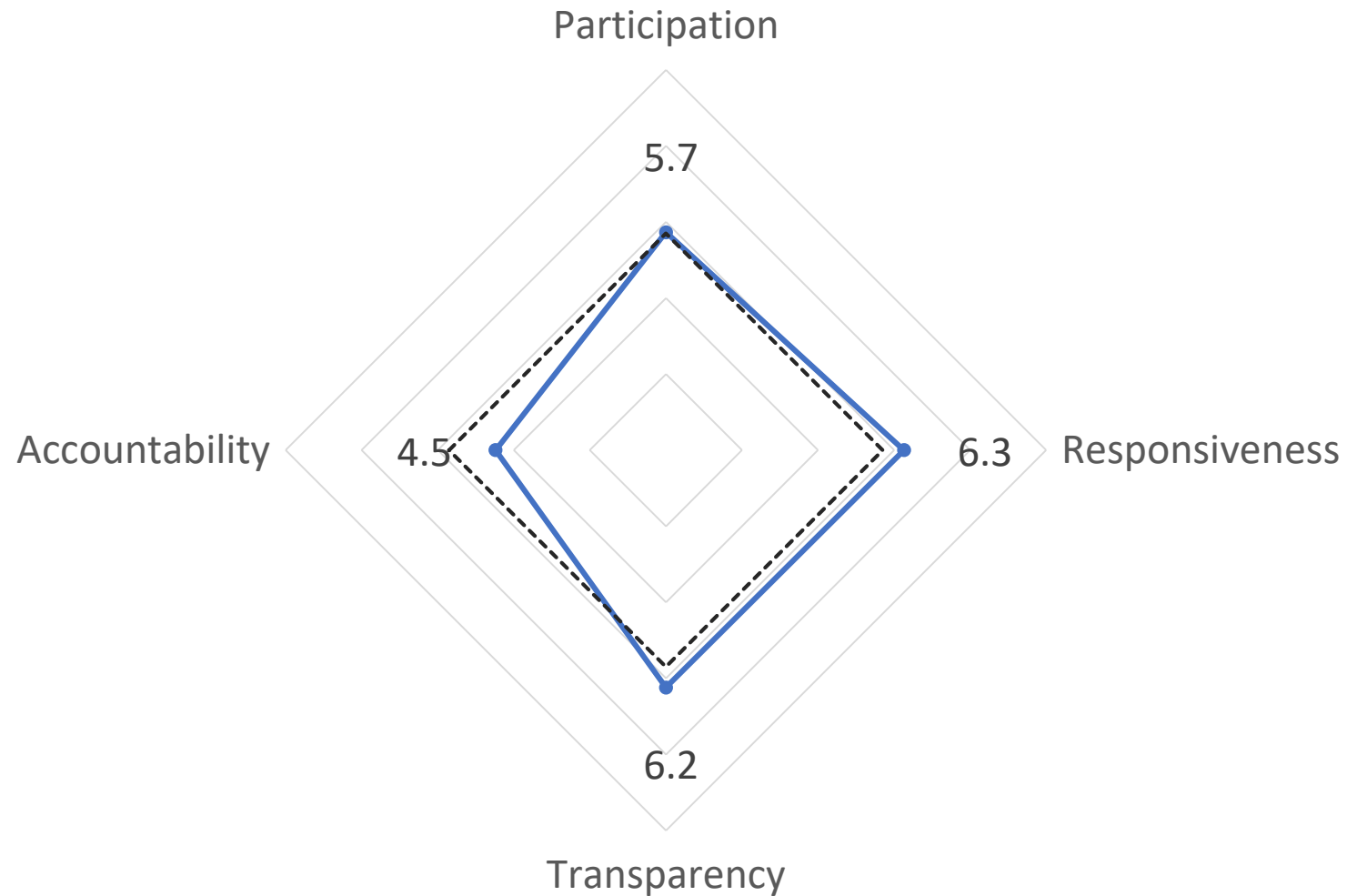


Good conditions, insufficient resources?

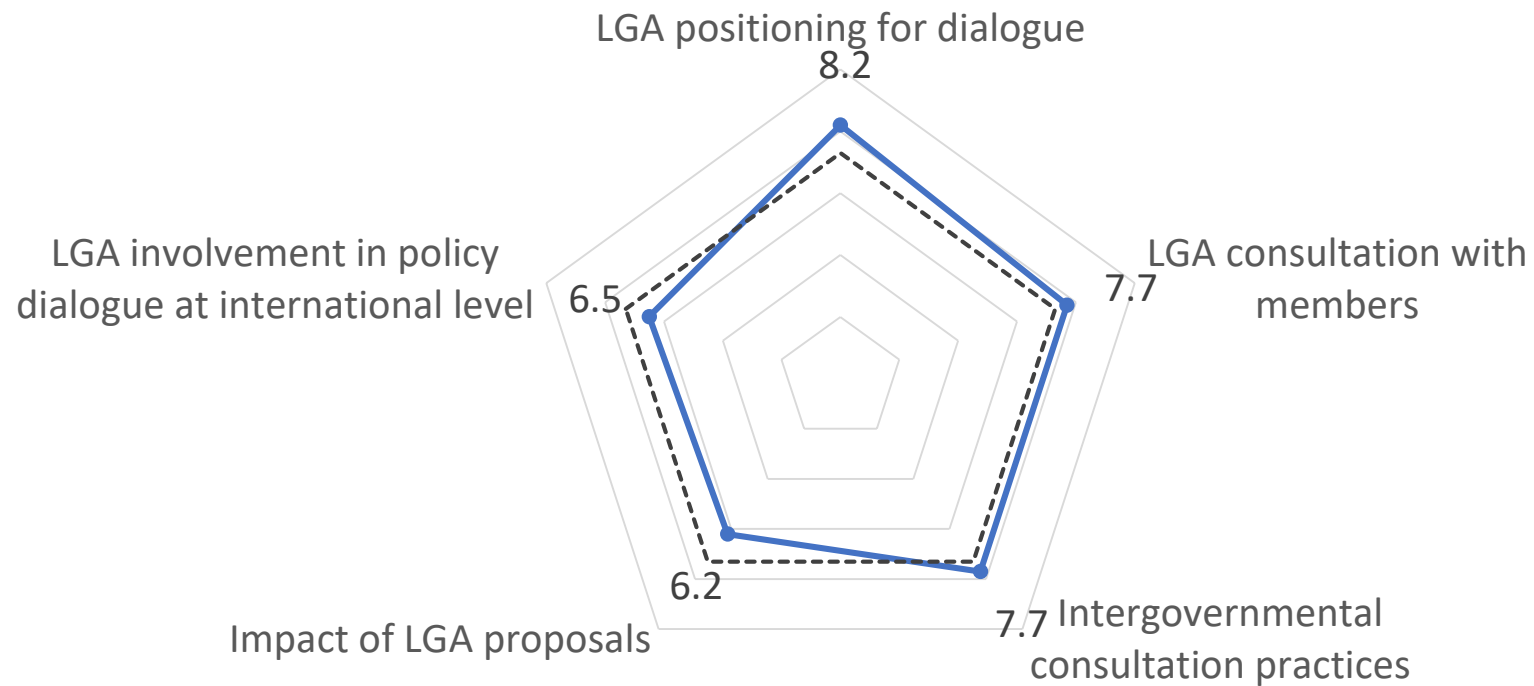
D2 – Quality of Local Services



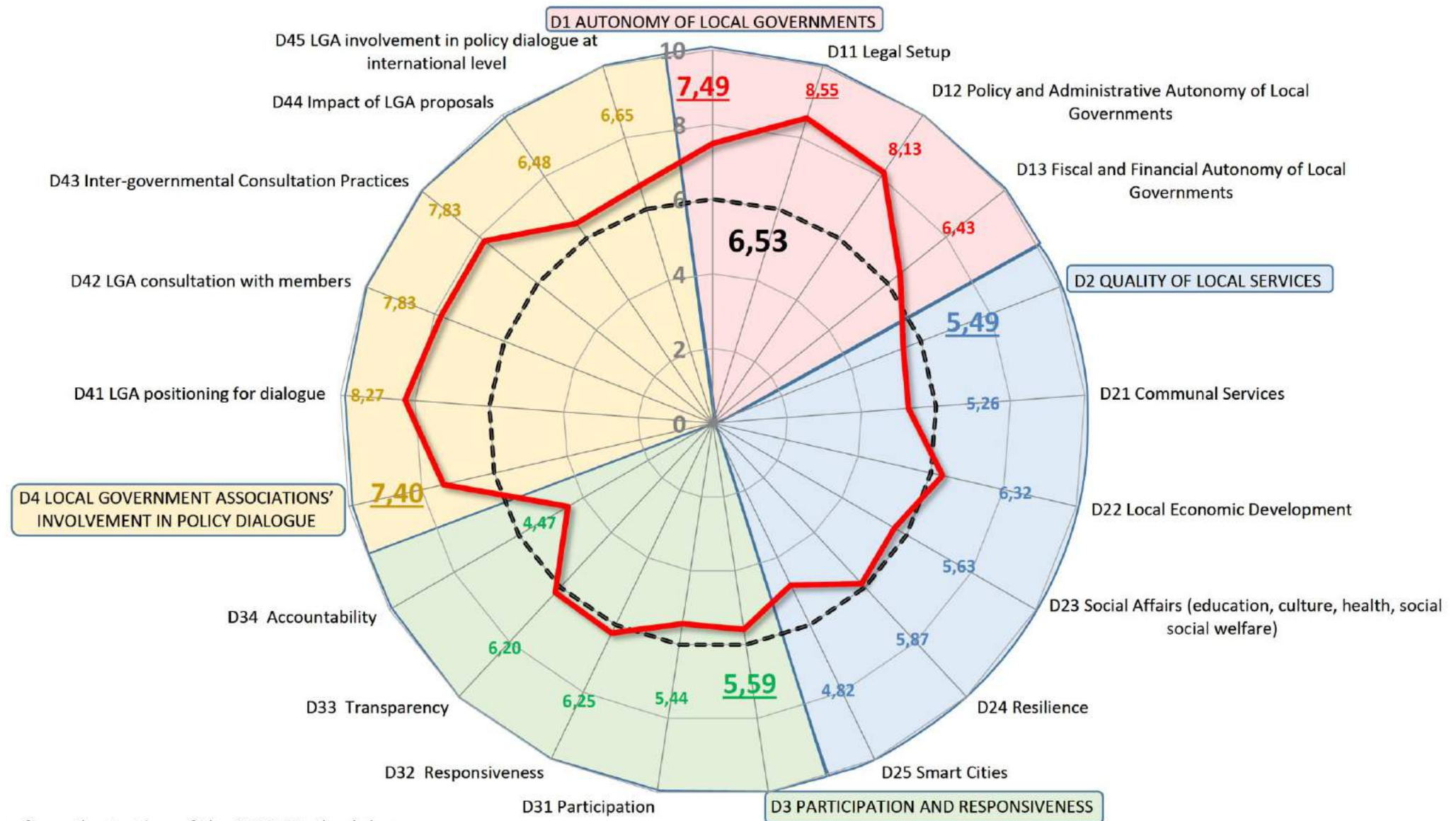
D3 – Participation and Responsiveness



D4 – LGA Involvement in Policy Dialogue



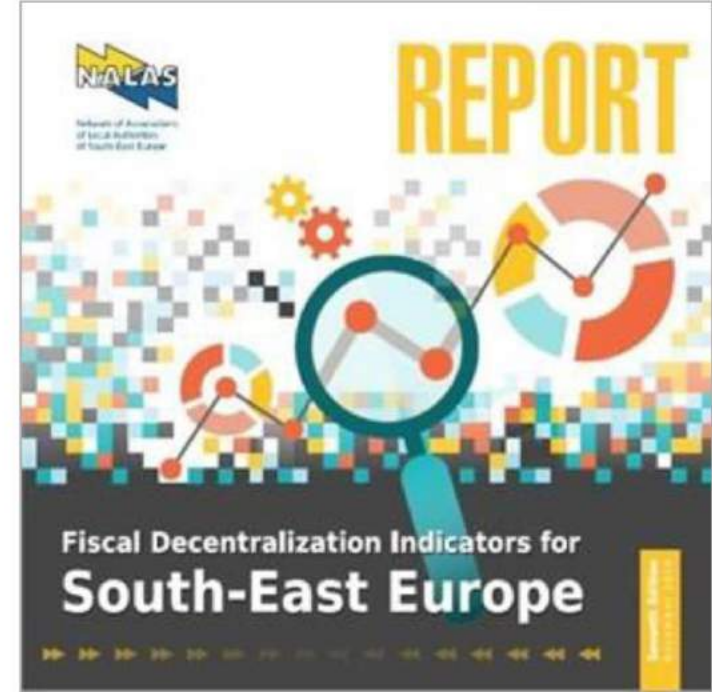
The Overall RDO Index* across RDO Dimensions and Indices



* Preliminary findings from the testing of the RDO Methodology

The key issue: fiscal autonomy

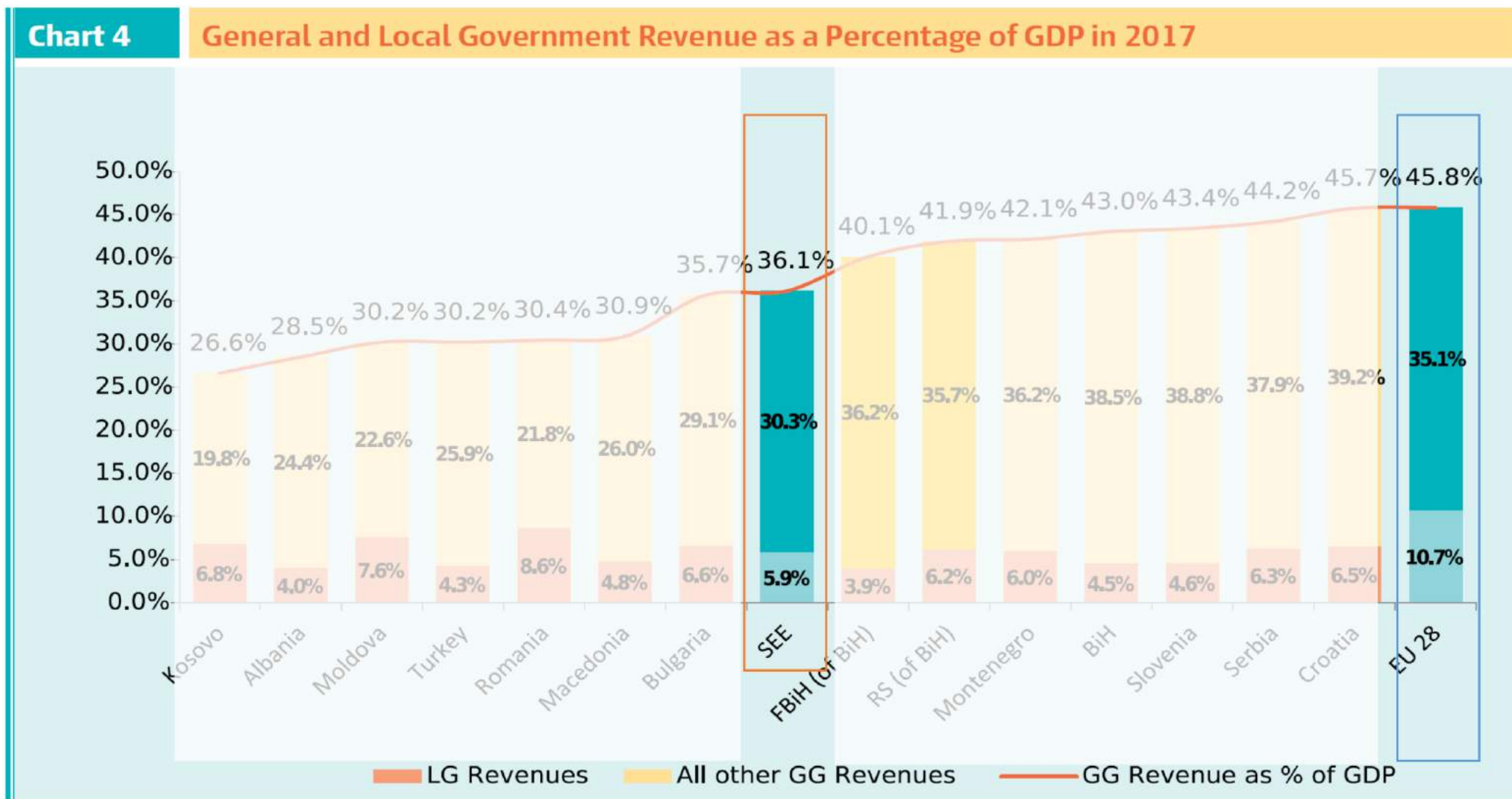
the control over sufficient
resources to plan and manage
the provision of local public
services according to citizens'
needs/priorities without
continuous interference from
higher authorities



Fiscal Decentralization Indicators (baseline 2006)

NALAS Fiscal Decentralization Indicators for SEE

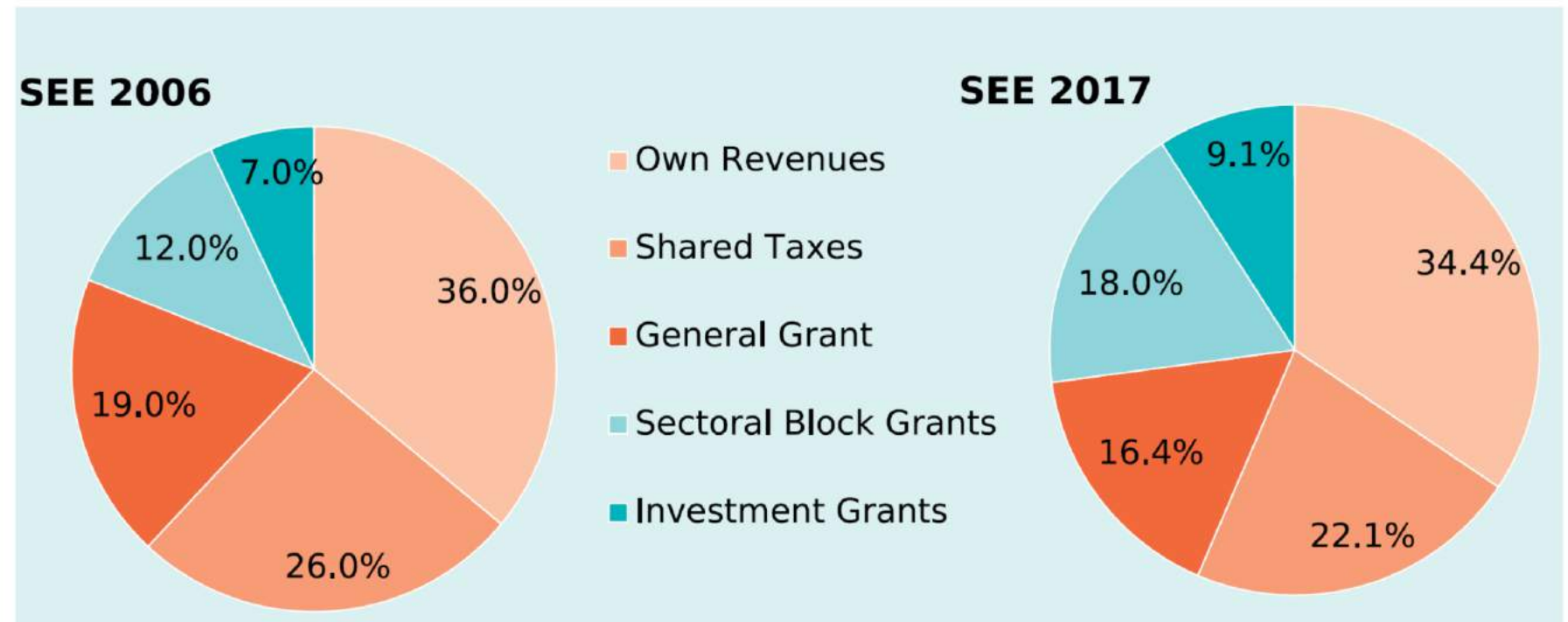
Fiscal decentralization indicator – Local Government Revenues



Fiscal decentralization indicator – Local Government Revenues

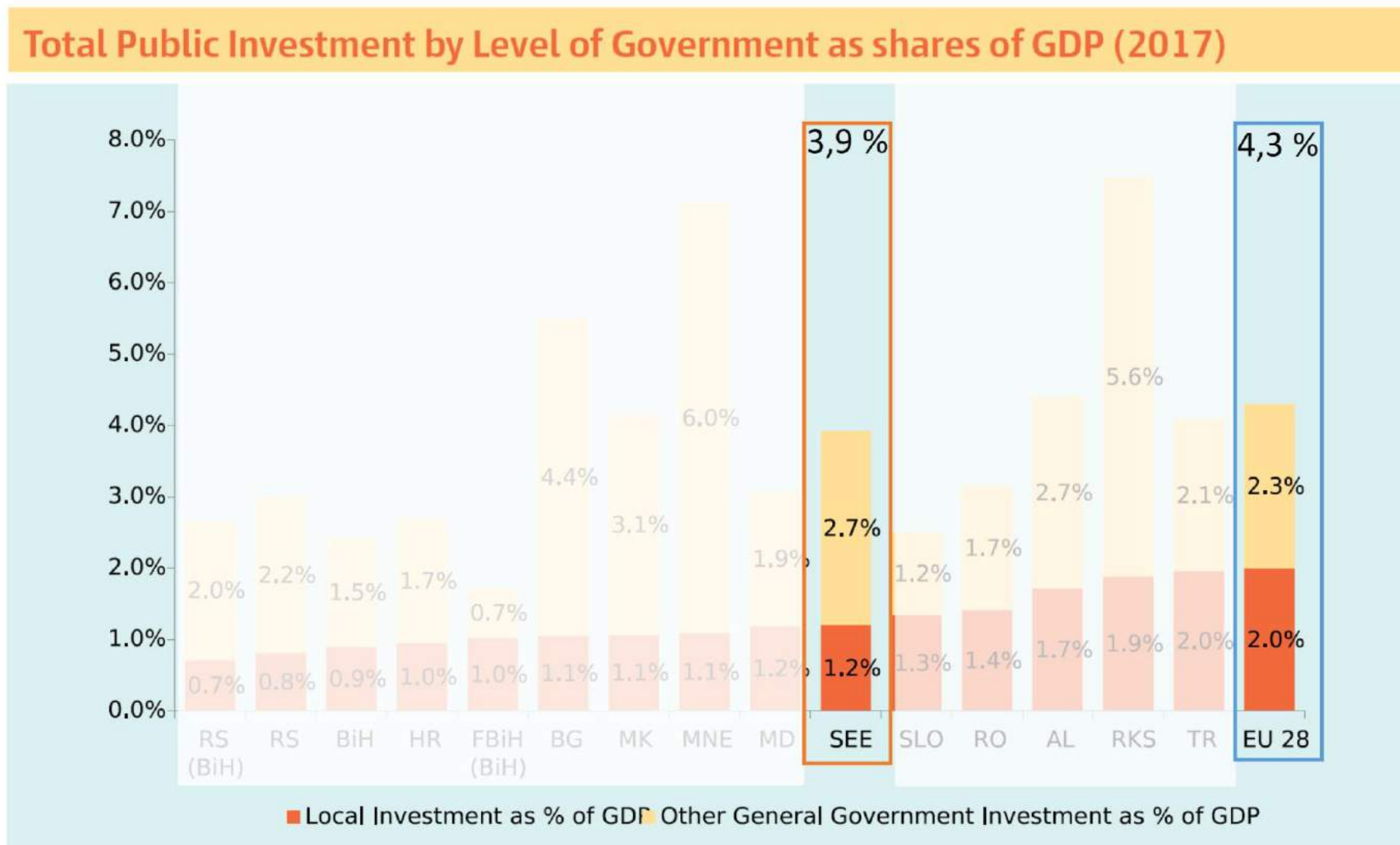
Composition of Local Revenue in SEE 2006 & 2017

Local governments in SEE in practice can freely decide on half their budgets, while the other half is preconditioned by the central level via the conditionality of the transfers.



Local governments powers to set and collect taxes, fees and charges are reduced

Fiscal decentralization indicator – Local Government Investments





Tendency of decreasing the level of the fiscal autonomy of local governments:

- Decreased local revenues
- Decreased expenditures for local investments and services
- Increasing dependence on CG grants
- Lack of enabling environment for using borrowing as instrument for capital infrastructure investments